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A relative monotone-light factorization system for internal groupoids

It is a well-known fact that a Barr-exact category C can be seen as a reflective subcategory of the category $\mathsf{Gpd}(\mathcal{C})$ of its internal groupoids:

$$\operatorname{Gpd}(\mathcal{C}) \xrightarrow[\leftarrow D]{\pi_0} \mathcal{C}$$
 (1)

where D sends each object in C to the corresponding discrete internal groupoid, and π_0 is the connected components functor. This adjunction gives rise to an associated (reflective) factorization system (\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{M}), where \mathcal{E} is the class of internal functors inverted by π_0 . As we will easily see, this factorization system does not admit an associated *monotone-light* factorization system in the sense of [2].

We will then restrict our attention to the case where C is also a Mal'tsev category. As explained in [3], in this case the adjunction (1) presents C as a Birkhoff subcategory of $\mathsf{Gpd}(C)$ and the general theory of central extensions developed in [4] applies here. In particular, central extensions are characterized in [3] as regular epimorphic internal discrete fibrations. We will show that, together with the class of internal final functors, these form a *relative* monotone-light factorization system (in the sense of [1]) for regular epimorphic internal functors.

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^{*}Joint work with T. Everaert and M. Gran.