

# Many for the price of one duality principle for variety-based topological spaces

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In [2], D. Hofmann considered topological spaces as generalized orders, characterizing those ones, which satisfy a suitably defined topological analogue of the complete distributivity law. He showed that the category of distributive spaces is dually equivalent to a certain category of frames, observing that their both represent the idempotent split completion of the same category. The results are based in four submonads of the filter monad  $\mathbb{F}$  on the category  $\mathbf{Top}$  of topological spaces [1]. In the talk, we lift the duality of [2] to the setting of lattice-valued topological spaces [3].

Given a variety of algebras  $\mathbf{A}$ , its reduct  $(\mathbf{B}, \|\_ - \|)$ , and an  $\mathbf{A}$ -algebra  $A$ , consider the category  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}$  of  $A$ -topological spaces ( $A$ -spaces), whose objects are pairs  $(X, \tau)$ , with  $X$  a set and  $\tau$  an  $\mathbf{A}$ -subalgebra of the powerset algebra  $A^X$ , and whose morphisms  $(X_1, \tau_1) \xrightarrow{f} (X_2, \tau_2)$  are maps  $X_1 \xrightarrow{f} X_2$  with  $f_A^{\leftarrow}(\alpha) = \alpha \circ f \in \tau_1$  for every  $\alpha \in \tau_2$  [6]. There exists a functor  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{O}_A} \mathbf{B}^{op}$ ,  $\mathcal{O}_A((X_1, \tau_1) \xrightarrow{f} (X_2, \tau_2)) = \|\tau_1\| \xrightarrow{(f_A^{\leftarrow})^{op}} \|\tau_2\|$ , which has a right adjoint [5], thereby providing a monad  $\mathbb{T}_A$  on  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}$ .

Let  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0$  be the full subcategory of  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}$  of  $T_0$   $A$ -spaces, i.e.,  $A$ -spaces  $(X, \tau)$ , where every distinct  $x_1, x_2 \in X$  have  $\alpha \in \tau$  with  $\alpha(x_1) \neq \alpha(x_2)$ . There exists the restriction  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$  of the monad  $\mathbb{T}_A$  to  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0$ . If  $\mathbf{B}$  is enriched in the category  $\mathbf{Pos}$  of posets, one defines a preorder on an  $A$ -space  $(X, \tau)$  by  $x_1 \sqsubseteq x_2$  iff  $\alpha(x_1) \leq \alpha(x_2)$  for every  $\alpha \in \tau$ , which is an order on  $T_0$   $A$ -spaces (thereby providing a functor  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0 \xrightarrow{Spec} \mathbf{Pos}$ ). For some  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ , one gets that  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$  is of *Kock-Zöberlein type* [1].

Let  $(A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0)^{\mathbb{T}_A^0}$  be the Eilenberg-Moore category of  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$ . By [2], a  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$ -algebra  $((X, \tau), h)$  is called  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$ -distributive provided that  $h$  has a left adjoint (in the sense of posets)  $(X, \tau) \xrightarrow{t} T_A^0(X, \tau)$  in  $A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0$  (which is then a  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$ -homomorphism with  $h \circ t = 1_{(X, \tau)}$ ).  $\mathbf{Spl}(A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0)^{\mathbb{T}_A^0}$  is the full subcategory of  $(A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0)^{\mathbb{T}_A^0}$  of  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$ -distributive  $\mathbb{T}_A^0$ -algebras. Moreover, a  $\mathbf{B}$ -algebra  $B$  is called  $A$ -spatial provided that every  $b_1, b_2 \in B$  with  $b_1 \not\leq b_2$  have  $p \in \mathbf{B}(B, \|A\|)$  with  $p(b_1) \not\leq p(b_2)$ .  $B$  is called a  $\mathbf{B}$ -frame provided that it has a  $\vee$ -semilattice reduct, and its primitive operations with non-zero arities distribute over  $\vee$ .  $\mathbf{B}\text{-}\mathbf{Frm}$  is the full subcategory of  $\mathbf{B}$  of  $A$ -spatial  $\mathbf{B}$ -frames.

Following [2], we describe the objects of  $\mathbf{Spl}(A\text{-}\mathbf{Top}_0)^{\mathbb{T}_A^0}$  and  $\mathbf{B}\text{-}\mathbf{Frm}$ , and show that the categories are dually equivalent. In particular, one gets the dualities of [2].

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\*This research was supported by ESF Project 2009/0223/1DP/1.1.1.2.0/09/APIA/VIAA/008 of the University of Latvia.

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