On certain cardinality observations of characterized subgroups and its variants

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We primarily consider a non-arithmetic sequence (d_n) arising out of an arithmetic sequence (a_n) , generalizing the method considered in [4] for the sequence (n!) and first investigate the cardinality properties of the corresponding characterized subgroups. Extending the observation of [4] which showed that it is \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z} for the sequence (n!) we see that the characterized subgroup corresponding to the sequence (d_n) is always countable (which interestingly happens when one considers sequences arising out of continued fraction of irrationals as has been proved in [1]). Subsequently we study the problem in case of "statistically characterized subgroups" introduced in [3] and it is established that statistically characterized subgroups corresponding to the sequence (d_n) is always of size \mathfrak{c} .

References

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