# Vietoris endofunctor for closed relations and its de Vries dual

#### Marco Abbadini

School of Computer Science, University of Birmingham, UK

Based on a homonymous paper with G. Bezhanishvili and L. Carai (*Topology Proceedings*, to appear. Available on arXiv.)

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# Vietoris Modalities: $\Box$ , $\diamond$

Main message: Vietoris has a nice dual.\*

\*Even for closed relations.

Marco Abbadini

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### Stone duality

Stone spaces (= comp. Hausd. + clopens separate points)

Boolean algebras

 $X \mapsto \operatorname{Clopens}(X)$ 



Vietoris provides Kripke semantics for modal logic.

Algebras for  $\mathbb{K}$  = modal algebras.

Coalgebras for  $\mathbb{V}$  = descriptive frames.



The clopens of the Vietoris hyperspace  $\mathbb{V}(X)$  of a Stone space X are all Boolean combinations of

$$\diamond U \coloneqq \{K \in \mathbb{V}(X) \mid K \cap U \neq \emptyset\}, \qquad U \text{ clopen of } X$$
$$\Box U \coloneqq \{K \in \mathbb{V}(X) \mid K \subseteq U\} \qquad U \text{ clopen of } X.$$

	Stone spaces		Boolean algebras
	Vietoris hyperspace	$\rightarrow$	Free first layer of modality
	X		А
	\$		\$
	$\mathbb{V}(X)$		$\mathbb{K}(A) = rac{\operatorname{Free}_{BA}(\{\Box_a,\diamond_a a\in A\})}{\operatorname{modal}}$ algebras axioms
	$f\colon X\to Y \text{ cont. funct.}$		$g \colon A \to B$ Bool. hom.
	$f[-] \colon \mathbb{V}(X) \to \mathbb{V}(Y)$		$\mathbb{K}(g)\colon\mathbb{K}(A) o\mathbb{K}(B)$
ŀ	$\mathbb{Z}(q): \frac{\text{Free}_{BA}(\{\Box_a, \diamondsuit_a \mid a \in I\})}{1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +$	A})	$\longrightarrow \frac{\operatorname{Free}_{BA}(\{\Box_b, \diamondsuit_b \mid b \in B\})}{}$
	modal algebras axio	ms	modal algebras axioms
		[\$ <sub>a</sub> ]	$\longmapsto [\diamondsuit_{g(a)}]$
		[□ <sub>a</sub> ]	$\mapsto [\Box_{q(a)}]$
		-	J ( )-

# But...

Stone spacesBoolean algebrasVietoris hyperspace
$$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow$$
Free first layer of modality $X$  $A$  $\S$  $\S$  $\mathbb{V}(X)$  $\mathbb{K}(A) = \frac{\operatorname{Free}_{BA}(\{\Box_a, \diamondsuit_a | a \in A\})}{\operatorname{modal} algebras axioms}$  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  cont. funct. $g: A \rightarrow B$  Bool. hom. $\S$  $\S$  $f[-]: \mathbb{V}(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{V}(Y)$  $\mathbb{K}(g): \mathbb{K}(A) \rightarrow \mathbb{K}(B)$  $\mathbb{K}(g): \frac{\operatorname{Free}_{BA}(\{\Box_a, \diamondsuit_a \mid a \in A\})}{\operatorname{modal} algebras axioms}$  $\rightarrow \frac{\operatorname{Free}_{BA}(\{\Box_b, \diamondsuit_b \mid b \in B\})}{\operatorname{modal} algebras axioms}$  $[\diamondsuit_a] \mapsto [\diamondsuit_{g(a)}]$  $[\Box_a] \mapsto [\Box_{g(a)}]$ 



### Question (Bezhanishvili, Bezhanishvili, Harding, 2015)

What is the De Vries dual of the Vietoris endofunctor on the category of compact Hausdorff spaces and continuous functions?

Compact Hausdorff space  $\leftrightarrow$  Stone space + closed equivalence relation.



Continuous functions  $\leftrightarrow$  certain closed relations between covers.

A closed relation  $R: X \leftrightarrow Y$  is a subset  $R \subseteq X \times Y$  that is closed; equivalently, such that

- ▶  $R^{-1}$ [closed] is closed,
- R[closed] is closed.

### In this same conference...

- Specification properties in CR-dynamical systems, Ivan Jelić.
- Orbit structure in CR-dynamical systems, Andrew Wood.

IZTOK BANIČ\*

University of Maribor, Koroška 160, SI-2000 Maribor, sLOVEnia iztok.banic@um.si

We construct a continuous surjection f on the Cantor fan C such that the dynamical system (C, f) is transitive and the inverse limit of (C, f) is the Lelek fan. In the construction, we use a closed relation on [0, 1].

#### TINA SOVIČ\*

Faculty of Civil Engineering, Transportation Engineering and Architecture, University of Maribor Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics, University of Maribor tina.sovic@um.si

We give results about a stronger version of the sensitive dependence on initial condition property of so-called Mahavier dynamical system  $(X_F^+, \sigma_F^+)$ , where  $X_F^+$  is the Mahavier product of a closed relation F on a non-empty compact metric space and  $\sigma_F^+$  is the shift



closed relations

subordinations

Stone spaces	Stone locales	Boolean algebras
Closed relations	Preframe hom.	Subordinations
	(= Scott-cont. funct.)	(= approximable mapp.)
De Groot self-dual.	Lawson self-duality	Order-self-duality
cl. ↔ comp. sat.	elm. 🚧 Scott-op. filt.	$\leq \leftrightarrow \rightarrow \geq$

Dual of a closed relation:

$$\begin{array}{c} X & \operatorname{Clop}(X) \\ & & & \uparrow s \\ Y & & \operatorname{Clop}(Y) \end{array}$$

Example:

X	Clop(X)
Ĵ=	∫⊆
Х	Clop(X)

For  $V \in \operatorname{Clop}(Y)$  and  $U \in \operatorname{Clop}(X)$ :  $V \subseteq U \iff R^{-1}[V] \subseteq U$  Subordination := a relation  $S: A \hookrightarrow B$  such that

$$\left(\bigvee_{i=1}^{n} a_{i}\right) S\left(\bigwedge_{j=1}^{m} b_{j}\right) \iff \forall i, j a_{i} S b_{j}.$$

### Theorem (Celani, 2018)

Stone<sup>R</sup> (closed relations) is dual to BA<sup>S</sup> (subordinations).

Extension of V from Stone to Stone<sup>R</sup> [Goy, Petrisan, Aiguier, 2021]:

Stone  $\xrightarrow{\mathbb{V}^{R}}$  Stone  $\begin{array}{ccc} X & \mathbb{V}(X) & \stackrel{(\texttt{Egn-runner})}{\searrow} \\ \downarrow^{R} & & \downarrow^{\mathbb{V}^{R}(R)} \\ \vee & & \mathbb{V}(Y) & K \mathbb{V}^{R}(R) \ L \iff \begin{cases} \forall x \in K \ \exists y \in L : \ x \ R \ y, \\ \forall y \in L \ \exists x \in K : \ x \ R \ y. \end{cases} \end{cases}$ 

It restricts to the usual Vietoris functor on continuous functions.



What is the dual of  $\mathbb{V}^{\mathsf{R}}$ ?

#### On morphisms:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & & \mathbb{V}(X) \\ & & & & & \downarrow^{\mathbb{V}^{\mathsf{R}}(R)} \\ Y & & & \mathbb{V}(Y) \end{array}$$

$$B \qquad \mathbb{K}(B) = \operatorname{Free}_{\mathsf{BA}}(\{\Box_b, \diamond_b \mid b \in B\})/\sim$$

$$\int S \qquad \int \mathbb{K}^{\mathsf{S}}(S)?$$

$$A \qquad \mathbb{K}(A) = \operatorname{Free}_{\mathsf{BA}}(\{\Box_a, \diamond_a \mid a \in A\})/\sim$$

We shall describe when an element  $\alpha$  of  $\mathbb{K}(A)$  is  $\mathbb{K}^{S}(S)$ -related with an element  $\beta$  of  $\mathbb{K}(B)$ .

Let *X* be a Stone space, and *A*, *B*, *C*, *D* clopens. Solve:

 $(\diamond A \cup \Box C) \cap \Box B \subseteq \diamond C \cup \Box D.$  $(\diamond A \cap \Box B) \cup (\Box C \cap \Box B) \subseteq \diamond C \cup \Box D.$  $\diamond A \cap \Box B \subseteq \diamond C \cup \Box D.$  $\Box C \cap \Box B \subseteq \diamond C \cup \Box D.$  $\diamond (A \cap B) \cap \Box B \subseteq \diamond C \cup \Box (C \cup D).$  $\vdots$  $(A \cap B \subseteq C) \text{ or } (B \subseteq C \cup D).$ (Always)

Key idea: ◇-with-◇ or □-with-□ [Cederquist, Coquand, 1998]

Let *X* be a Stone space, let  $A_1, \ldots, A_n, B, C, D_1, \ldots, D_m$  be clopens with  $A_i \subseteq B$  and  $C \subseteq D_j$ :

 $\diamond A_1 \cap \dots \cap \diamond A_n \cap \Box B \subseteq \diamond C \cup \Box D_1 \cup \dots \cup \Box D_m$ 

 $(\exists i : A_i \subseteq C) \text{ or } (\exists j : B \subseteq D_j).$ 

### Theorem (A., Bezhanishvili, Carai, 2024)

The dual of the Vietoris endofunctor  $\mathbb{V}^R$ : Stone<sup>R</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Stone<sup>R</sup> is the following endofunctor  $\mathbb{K}^S$ : BA<sup>S</sup>  $\rightarrow$  BA<sup>S</sup>:

On objects: it maps A to

$$\mathbb{K}(A) \coloneqq \frac{\operatorname{Free}_{\mathsf{BA}}(\{\Box_a, \diamondsuit_a \mid a \in A\})}{\text{modal algebra axioms}}$$

On morphisms: it maps a subordination S: A ↔ B to the unique subordination K<sup>S</sup>(S): K(A) ↔ K(B) satisfying "◊-with-◊ or □-with-□".

"♦-with-♦ or □-with-□": (With  $a_i \le b$  and  $c \le d_j$ :)

$$(\diamond_{a_1} \wedge \dots \wedge \diamond_{a_n} \wedge \Box_b) \mathbb{K}^{\mathsf{S}}(S) (\diamond_c \vee \Box_{d_1} \vee \dots \vee \Box_{d_m})$$
$$(\exists i : a_i \ S \ c) \text{ or } (\exists j : b \ S \ d_j).$$

# An application

We apply it to solve

Question (Bezhanishvili, Bezhanishvili, Harding, 2015)

What is the De Vries dual of the Vietoris endofunctor on compact Hausdorff spaces?

# Conclusions

## Key ideas

- Beyond functions: closed relations ↔ preframe hom. ↔ subordinations between Boolean algebras.
- For the Vietoris's dual: "◊-with-◊ or □-with-□" [Cederquist, Coquand, 1998] (see also [Kawai, 2020]):

$$\left(\bigwedge_{i} \diamond_{a_{i}}\right) \land \Box_{b} \leq \diamond_{c} \lor \left(\bigvee_{j} \Box_{d_{j}}\right) \Leftrightarrow (\exists i : a_{i} \leq c) \text{ or } (\exists j : b \leq d_{j}).$$

- 3. Our packaging of these ideas:
  - Stone dual description of  $\mathbb{V}^{R}$ : Stone<sup>R</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Stone<sup>R</sup>;
  - ▶ de Vries dual description of  $\mathbb{V}$ : KHaus  $\rightarrow$  KHaus and for relations.

M. Abbadini, G. Bezhanishvili, L. Carai.

Vietoris endofunctor for closed relations and its de Vries dual.

Topology Proceedings, to appear. Available on arxiv:2308.16823.

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# Appendix

### Question (Bezhanishvili, Bezhanishvili, Harding, 2015)

What is the De Vries dual of the Vietoris endofunctor on the category of compact Hausdorff spaces and continuous functions?

De Vries duality connects compact Hausdorff spaces with (Stone spaces and) Boolean algebras.

Every compact Hausdorff space X is a continuous image of a Stone space (e.g., its Gleason cover). So it can be presented via

Stone space + closed equivalence relation.



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### Theorem (A., Bezhanishvili, Carai, 2024)

The de Vries dual of the Vietoris endofunctor on KHaus is obtained by applying  $\mathbb{K}^{S}$  (= the dual of  $\mathbb{V}^{R}$ : Stone<sup>R</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Stone<sup>R</sup>), followed by a(n appropriate) MacNeille completion.

$$X \stackrel{R}{\dashrightarrow} Y \qquad (B, \prec_B) \stackrel{S}{\longleftarrow} (A, \prec_A)$$

where M is an appropriate MacNeille completion functor.